9. Answer the questions for the following pedigree:



What is the mode of inheritance shown in this pedigree? a._____

What is the genotype of person 1?^{b.}_____

What are the chances of person 1 having normal children? c._____

What are the chances of person 3 having normal children? d._____

10. Answer the questions for the following pedigree:

What is the mode of inheritance in this pedigree? a._____



For person 2, the genotype is ^{b.}_____, and the phenotype is ^{c.}_____.

For person 1, the genotype is ^d._____.

How did you determine this?^{e.}

What are the chances that person 3's children will be normal? f._____

11. Consider a model in which there are three gene pairs of alleles; a dominant allele in any pair adds pigment to the skin. Use the letters A, B, C to indicate pigment formation and a, b, c to indicate lack of pigment formation.

What is the genotype for the darkest individual? ^{a.}_____

What is the genotype for the lightest individual?^{b.}_____

What is the genotype for the offspring from a cross of the individuals from a and b? c._____

How does the skin color of this person compare to either of the parents? d._____

12. A man with blood type A reproduces with a woman who has blood type B. Their child has blood type O. Give the genotype of all persons involved: man ^{a.}, woman ^{b.}, and child ^{c.}

13. If a child has AB blood and the father has type B blood, what could the genotype of the mother be?

^{14.} If a child has BO blood and the father has type O blood, what could the genotype of the mother be?



15. Both a man and a woman have sickle-cell trait. List all phenotypes among the offspring, as well as the chance (percent) of each occurring. ^{a.}_____, ^{b.}_____, ^{c.}_____.